

Std.VI Section : _____

Subject : Social Studies

Marks : 80

Date : _____

Term - I

Name : _____ Roll No. _____

Time : 3 Hrs.

General Instructions :

- 1) All the questions are compulsory.
- 2) Section A contains MCQ type questions from question number 1 to 20 for 1 mark each.
- 3) Section B contains very short answer type questions for 2 marks each question from question number 21 to 25.
- 4) Section C contains short answer type questions from question number 26 to 31. Each question is for 3 marks.
- 5) Section D contains long answer type questions from question number 32 to 34 for 5 marks each.
- 6) Section E contains source based questions from question number 35 to 37. Each source is for 4 marks.
- 7) Section F contains question number 38 that is a map based question for 5 marks.
- 8) There is no overall choice in the question paper, however an internal choice has been provided in few questions. Only one of the choices in such questions have to be attempted.

Section - A (Multiple Choice Questions 1 Mark each)

- Q.1 : The arrow with 'N' on the map is used to depict _____.
a) direction of North b) direction of South
c) direction of East d) direction of west
- Q.2 : 'Po' in the map is symbol of _____.
a) Post office b) public office c) Private office d) police office.
- Q.3 : Which of the following is the largest ocean ?
a) Pacific ocean b) Atlantic ocean c) Indian Ocean d) Arctic Ocean
- Q.4 : Which of the following is the Smallest continent ?
a) Australia b) Europe c) Antarctica d) Africa
- Q.5 : Which of the following is called the 'blue planet'?
a) The Moon b) The Earth c) continents d) oceans
- Q.6 : What is Century?
a) period of 10 years b) a period of 100 years
c) a period of 11000 years d) A period of 2,000 years
- Q.7 : Who Studies physical features of the Earth like soil, Stones, hills, mountains?
a) Geologists b) Archaeologists c) Anthropologists d) Paleontologist
- Q.8 : The word Sindhu refers to _____.
a) Indus river b) Saraswati River c) Ganges river d) Sutlej river
- Q.9 : The term Jambudvipa refers to which tree?
a) Jamun tree b) Pipal tree c) mango tree d) coconut tree
- Q.10: The snowy mountains referred to in the vishnu purana are _____

- a) The western ghats b) The Himalayas
- c) Aravali mountains d) Nilgiri mountains

Q.11: What does the word veda mean?

- a) Wisdom b) history c) knowledge d) religion

Q.12: The basic unit of society is the _____.

- a) School b) playground c) family d) market

Q.13: A family with parents and children is called _____.

- a) joint family b) Nuclear family c) Big family d) Extended family.

Q.14: Which of the following is Not a value we should practice within our family?

- a) Cooperation b) Respect c) Sharing d) Arguing constantly

Q.15: In India, what are the three levels of government?

- a) Local, state, national b) Police, school, office
- c) Teacher, student, parent d) Village, town, market

Q.16: Who is called a "missile man of India"?

- a) Dr. Sarvapalli Radhakrishnan b) Dr. A.P.J Abdul Kalam
- c) Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru d) Dr. Vijay Bhaskar

Q.17: Which of these is economic activity?

- a) Religious b) Social c) Patriotic d) Professional

Q.18: Which of these is non economic activity?

- a) Business b) Parental c) Employment d) Profession

Q.19: Which initiative aims to create a garbage free city?

- a) Swachh Bharat Abhiyan b) Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana
- c) Mid day meal scheme d) Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan

Q.20: Over the long ages, the Earth's climate has gone through many changes it was very cold and much the earth was covered with ice, this is called _____.

- a) Ice age b) Cold age c) Stone age d) None of these

Section B (Very Short Answer Type Questions - 2 Marks each)

Q.21 Name the types of map.

Q.22 How many continents are there? List them.

Q.23 Who is Archaeologist?

Q.24 Give examples of values/ rules we should practice in our family.

Q.25 What does Jain means?

Section - C (Short Answer Type Questions - 3 Marks each)

Q.26 Why is it 5:30 pm in India when it is 12 pm or noon in London?

Q.27 What is the difference between local and standard time?

Q.28 Explain the term Bharatvarsha.

Q.29 A. What are vedas? What is their message?

OR

B. Make a list of popular gods and goddesses in your region and festivals they are associated with.

Q.30 Explain the three organs of Government.

Q.31 A. What are the different types of activities that people engage in?

OR

B. What are some non-economic activities that are important to you and your family?

Section D (Long Answer Type Questions - 5 Marks each)

Q. 32 A) Explain the following terms in detail.

1. Continent

2. Ocean

3. Island

OR

B) What are ways of saving water? Are you aware of them?

Q.33 A) How can various sources help us to understand history?

OR

B) How do early humans live?

Q.34 A. Why do we need a Government?

OR

B. Why do we need three tiers of Government? What type of democracy India has?

Section E (Source Based Questions - 4 Marks each)

Q.35 : **Read the following source and answer the questions based on it.**

The first foreigners to mention India were the Persians, the ancient inhabitants of Iran. In the 6th century BCE, a Persian emperor launched a military campaign and gained control of the region of the Indus River, which, as we saw, was earlier called 'Sindhu'. So, it is no surprise that in their earliest records and stone inscriptions, the Persians referred to India as 'Hind', 'Hidu' or 'Hindu', which are adaptations in their language of 'Sindhu'. (Note that in ancient Persian, 'Hindu' is a purely geographical term; it does not refer here to the Hindu religion.)

1. Which one of the following statements is true according to the given source?

a) A Persian emperor launched a military campaign.

b) Indus river was earlier called as Sindhu.

c) In ancient Persian Hindu is refer to the religion.

d) The first foreigners to mention India were the Persians.

2. Who launched a military campaign against the Indus River region?

a) Persian emperor b) Greek emperor c) Roman emperor d) Chinese emperor

3 What was the region conquered by the Persians ?

a) Ganga river b) Indus river c) Yamuna river d) Brahmaputra river

4 Who were the ancient inhabitants of Iran?

a) Hindu

b) Foreigners

c) Persians

d) All of these

Q.36: **Read the following source and answer the questions based on it.**

Jainism is another important school of thought that became widespread at the same time, although its roots are said to be much more ancient. Just like Siddhartha Gautama, Prince Vardhamana was born into a royal family in the early 6th century BCE. His birthplace was near the city of Vaishali, in modern-day Bihar. At the age of 30, he decided to leave his home and go in search of spiritual knowledge. He practised an ascetic discipline and, after 12 years, achieved 'infinite knowledge' or

supreme wisdom. He became known as 'Mahavira', or 'great hero', and started preaching what he had realised.

- 1) Which of the following statement is wrong according to the given source?
 - a) Jainism is important school of thought.
 - b) Siddharth Gautama was born in poor family.
 - c) Prince Vardhamana's birth place was near the city of vaishali.
 - d) All of the above
- 2) In which state Vaishali is located now?
 - a) Bihar b) Uttar pradesh c) Madhya pradesh d) Gujrat
- 3) Who is known as Mahavira?
 - a) Siddharth b) Gautama c) Vardhamana d) Panini
- 4) Which one of the following is not the teaching of Mahavira?
 - a) Ahimsa
 - b) Truth has many aspects
 - c) Detachment from material possessions.
 - d) Killing of plants and animals for the purpose of human's needs.

Q.37: Read the following source and answer the questions based on it.

Relationships among family members are based on love, care, cooperation and interdependence. 'Cooperation' means 'working together'. Each member of the family has a role and responsibility towards other members. For instance, parents are responsible for raising their children to become happy individuals and responsible members of the society. But also, as children grow up, they take on more responsibilities in the home to help other family members — whether parents or a sister or a brother, etc. Through daily practice, children learn to participate in the life of the household. In many homes, children also learn some of the traditions and practices their family has been following for generation

1. What is the basis of relationships among family members?
 - a) Interdependence b) Love and care only
 - c) Love, care, cooperation d) Both a and c
2. What does cooperation mean?
 - a) working alone b) working together
 - c) not working at all d) working against each other
3. What happens as children grow up?
 - a) they take few responsibilities
 - b) they stop helping others
 - c) they became lazy
 - d) they take more responsibilities at the home
4. Do you think children learn important values in the family? Why do you think so?

Section F (Map Based Question)

Q.38: Locate these continents and oceans on a world map. (Any 5) 5M

1. North America 2. Australia 3. South America 4. Africa
5. Pacific ocean 6. Atlantic ocean 7. Indian ocean
